M463 Homework 16

Enrique Areyan July 18, 2013

A Geiger counter is recording background radiation at an average rate of one hit per minute. Let T_3 be the time in minutes when the third hit occurs after the counter is switch on. Find $P(2 \le T_3 \le 4)$.

Solution: T has Gamma distribution with parameters $\lambda = \frac{1 \text{ hit}}{\min}$ and r = 3. Therefore:

$$P(2 \le T_3 \le 4) \quad = \quad \int_2^4 \frac{e^{-t}t^2}{2!} dt \quad = \quad \frac{1}{2} \int_2^4 e^{-t} t^2 dt$$

Applying Integration by parts twice to : $\int e^{-t}t^2dt$

 $\int e^{-t}t^2 dt = 2 \int e^{-t}t dt - t^2 e^{-t} = 2(-e^{-t} - te^{-t}) - t^2 e^{-t}$ Therefore, since : $\frac{1}{2} \int e^{-t}t^2 dt = -\frac{1}{2}[e^{-t}t^2 + 2te^{-t} + 2e^{-t}]$ $P(2 \le T_3 \le 4) = -\frac{1}{2} \left[e^{-t}t^2 + 2te^{-t} + 2e^{-t}\right]_2^4 = -\frac{1}{2} \left[(16e^{-4} + 8e^{-4} + 2e^{-4}) - (4e^{-2} + 4e^{-2} + 2e^{-2})\right]$ $= -\frac{1}{2} \left[26e^{-4} - 10e^{-2}\right]$

$$=$$
 0.43857

 $= 5e^{-2} - 13e^{-4}$