- M436 - Homework Assignment 1 -

Due: Friday, September 5, in class.
Each problem is worth 20 points. Please show all your work.

## Exercise 1

Consider the three four points $p_{1}=(5,8), p_{2}=(-1,-1), q_{1}=(-2,-1)$ and $q_{2}=$ $(3,4)$. Determine the coordinates of the intersection of the line $p_{1} p_{2}$ with the line $q_{1} q_{2}$.

## Exercise 2

Consider the following four points:

$$
p_{1}=(2,3) \quad p_{2}=(3,4) \quad p_{3}=(4,5) \quad p_{4}=(5,6)
$$

and determine which of the points $p_{i}$ is incident with any of the six lines $p_{j} p_{k}$ for $j \neq k$

## Exercise 3

Consider the three points $p_{1}=(1,0), p_{2}=(2,0), p_{3}=(3,0)$ and the three points $q_{1}=(0,1), q_{2}=(0,3), q_{3}=(0,5)$. Denote the intersection of the line $p_{i} q_{j}$ with the line $p_{j} q_{i}$ by $r_{i j}$. Show that the three points $r_{12}, r_{13}, r_{23}$ are collinear.

## Exercise 4

Consider the three points $p_{1}=(3,1), p_{2}=(5,3), p_{3}=(2,5)$, and the three points $q_{1}=(-5,5), q_{2}=(-3,1), q_{3}=(-1,-4)$.

1. Show the the three lines $p_{1} q_{1}, p_{2} q_{2}$ and $p_{3} q_{3}$ are concurrent, and determine their common intersection.
2. Compute the intersection $r_{i j}$ of the lines $p_{i} p_{j}$ and $q_{i} q_{j}$ for $i \neq j$.
3. Show that the three points $r_{12}, r_{1,3}, r_{23}$ are collinear.

## Exercise 5

Show that the midpoints of the edges of a quadrilateral in the plane are the vertices of a parallelogram. Is this still true if the quadrilateral lies in space?

